

Bootstrapping Trust in SDN Infrastructure

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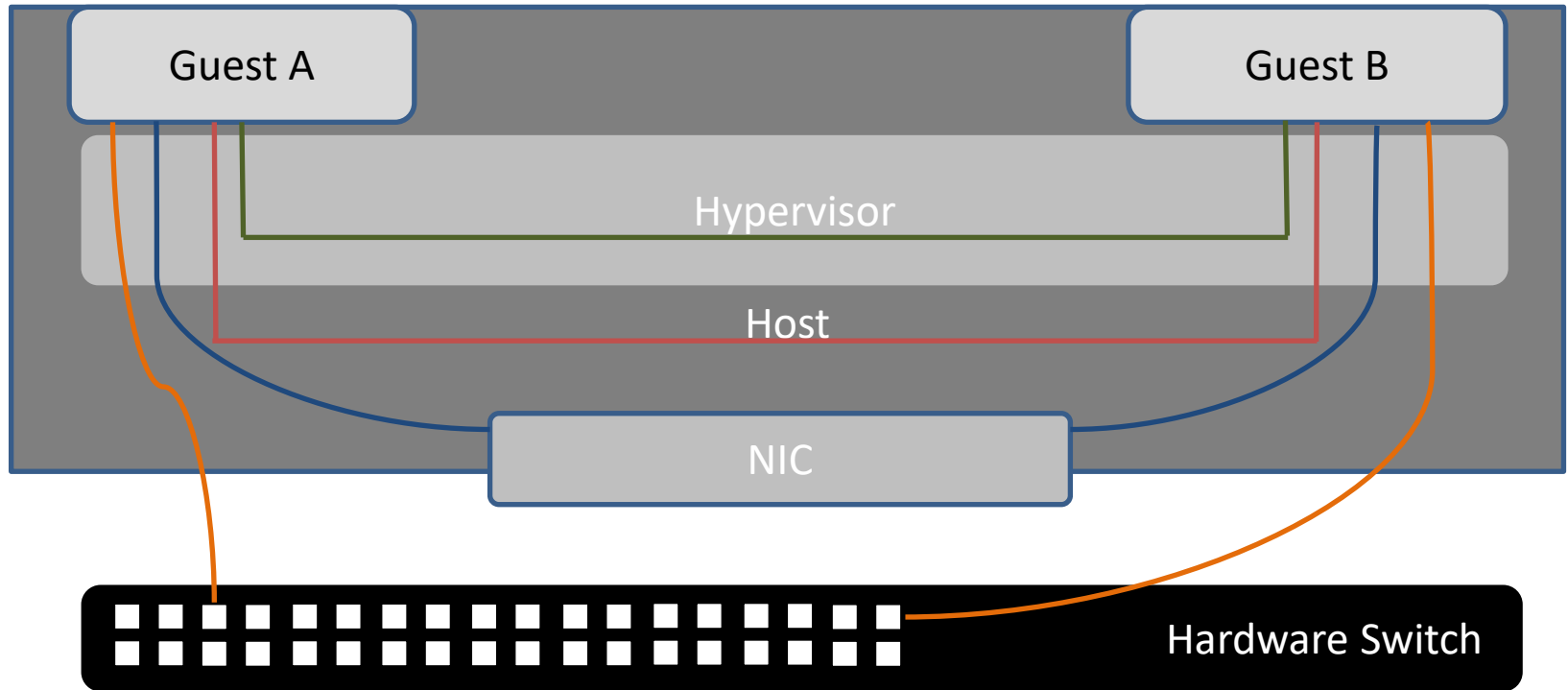
RISE SICS

June 16, 2017



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Hardware vs virtualization



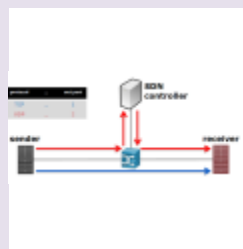
- ❑ Hairpin switching does not scale enough to keep up with increase in numbers of virtual endpoints.
- ❑ Software (aka virtual) switches have been widely adopted in virtualized deployments

Software allows new capabilities (for attacks!)

- ❑ Software implementations (most often) reside on commodity operating systems
 - ❑ Larger attack surface;
 - ❑ Collocation with other (potentially malicious) applications;
 - ❑ Component isolation depends on the configuration of the software stack
 - ❑ **Abundant opportunities to make mistakes!**

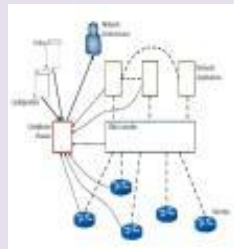
5G-ENSURE Security Enablers in Task 3.5

Fingerprinting SDN networks



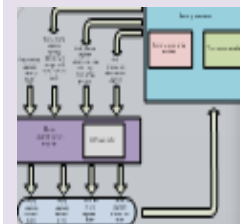
Preventing information leakage about switch configurations in SDN networks

Component interactions



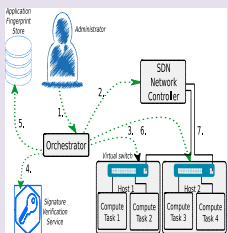
Checking policy compliance of interactions between network components

Micro-segmentation



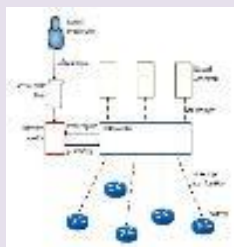
Managing segments in a 5G network in which strict security policies can be enforced

Bootstrapping trust



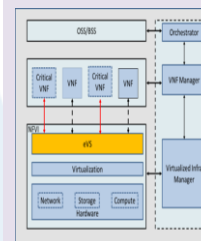
Verifying integrity of software network components prior to enrollment into infrastructure

Access control



Controlling access of network applications to network resources

Flow control for critical VNF

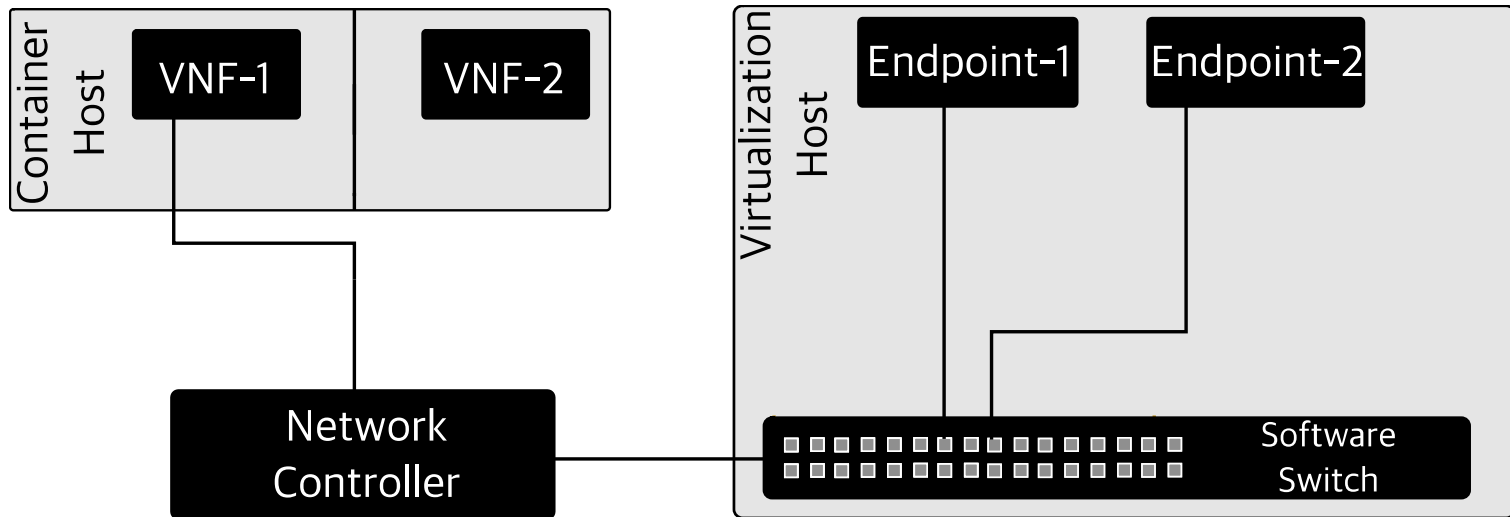


Protecting critical VNFs at runtime from malicious threats through in-network detection and mitigation



Motivation

- Software implementations of network components rely on commodity platforms (for better or worse...)



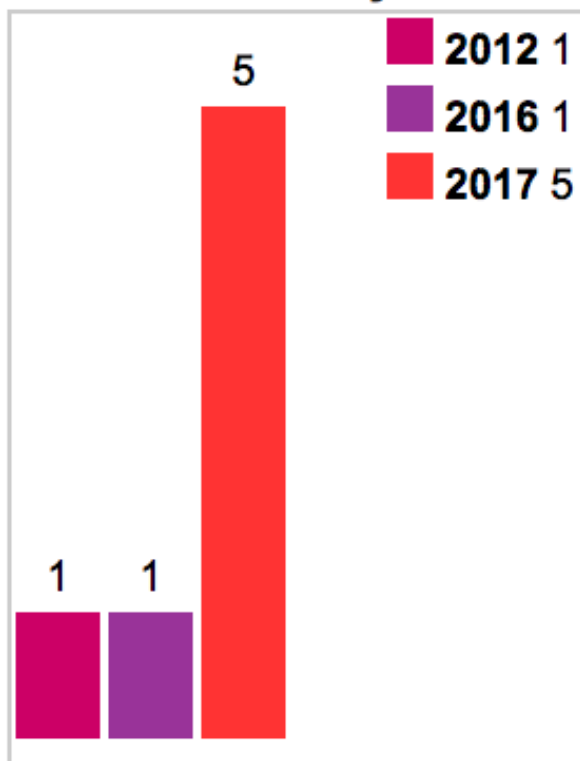
- Platforms must be diligently configured and regularly patched to avoid vulnerabilities.



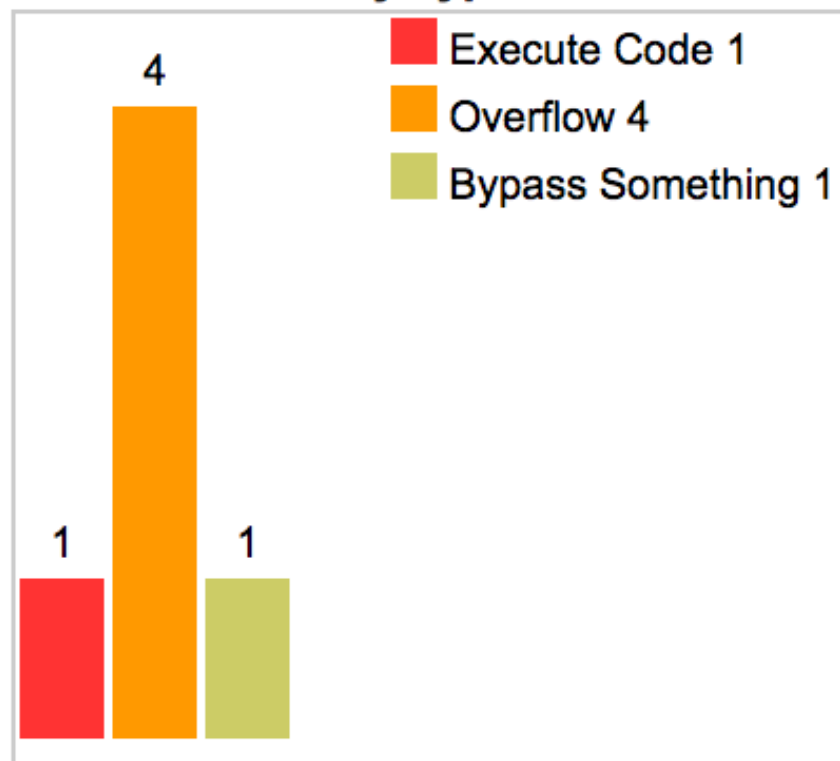
Attack vectors

Vulnerabilities in Open vSwitch

Vulnerabilities By Year



Vulnerabilities By Type



Attack vectors

- ❑ Docker vulnerabilities
- ❑ Vulnerabilities in Docker images

the security ledger

Friday, June 9, 2017

INTERNET OF THINGS ▾ THREATS ▾ THOUGHT LEADERSHIP ▾ PODCASTS VIDEO WHITEPAPERS

Unpatched Vulnerabilities Common on Docker Hub Images

May 29, 2015 10:41 by Paul

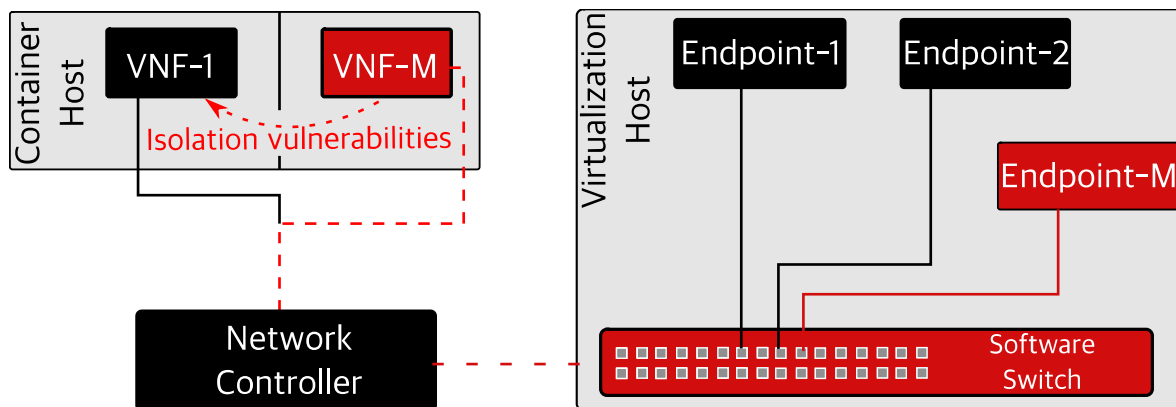


A **survey** of Docker repositories found that critical **vulnerabilities** are common in both official and general repositories.

In-brief: A survey out from the firm Banyan finds that official and general repositories on Docker Hub are rife with serious and exploitable **software** vulnerabilities, including **Heartbleed**, Shellshock and Poodle.

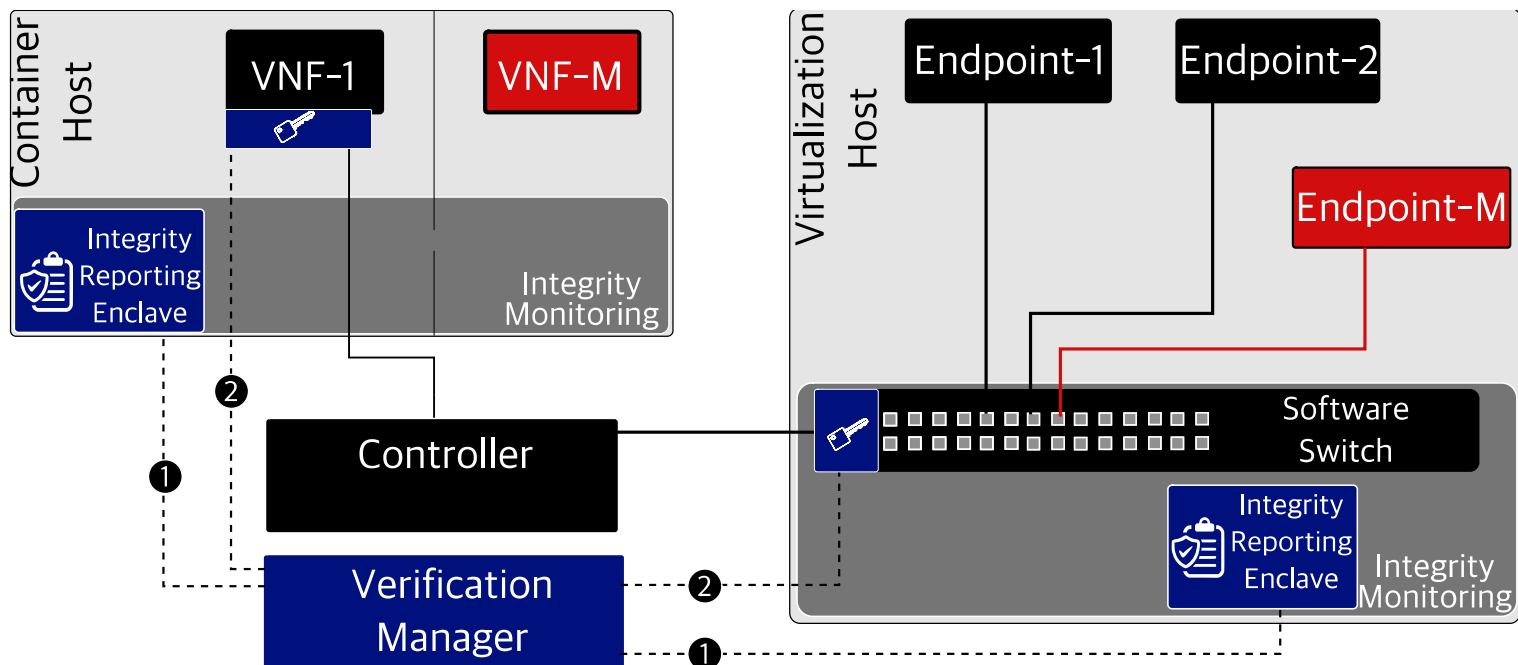
Threat scenario

- Underlying software stack can contain multiple exploitable vulnerabilities



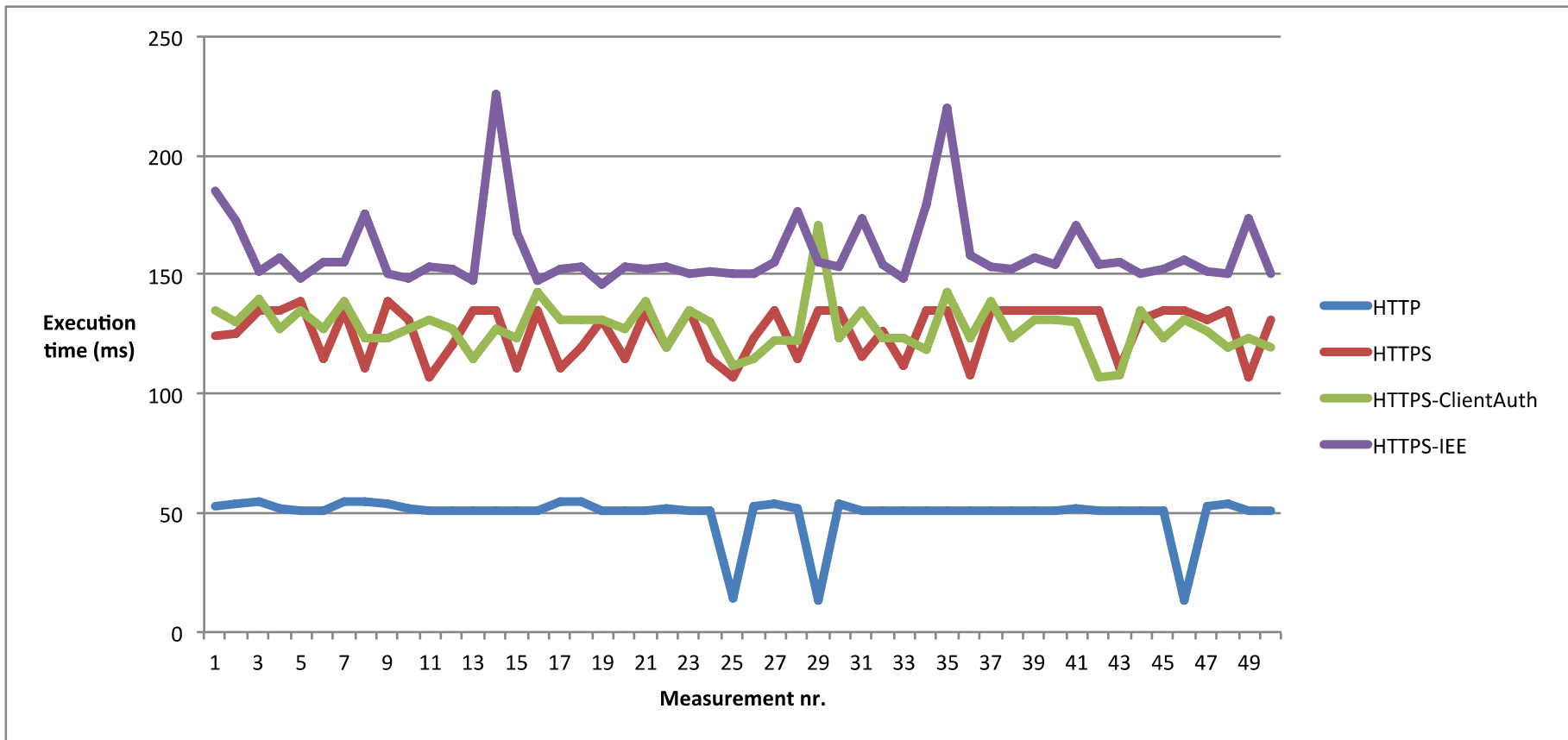
- Isolation breaches may allow to extract/modified security-sensitive data (e.g. authentication credentials, configuration, flow tables etc.)

Countermeasure



- Isolated execution enclaves implemented with Intel SGX
- Keys never leave enclaves
- TLS context never leaves enclaves
- Encryption/decryption in enclaves
- Implementation with Docker (for VNFs) and Open vSwitch

Results



- On par with both plain HTTPS and HTTPS with client authentication
- Minor performance penalty due to context switch



Video Demo

Dedicated File



References

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